Energy Efficiency Design Summary: Prescriptive Method (Building Code Part 9, Residential)

This form is used by a designer to demonstrate that the energy efficiency design of a house complies with the building code using the prescriptive method described in Subsection 3.1.1. of SB-12. This form is applicable where the ratio of gross area of windows/sidelights/glazing in doors and sliding glass doors to the gross area of peripheral walls is not more than 22%.

			For use by P	rincipal Au	uthority			
Application No:				Model/0	Certification Number			
A. Project Informatio	n							
Building number, street name	··					Unit number	Lot/	Con
Municipality	Postal code Re			g. Plan number / other description				
B. Prescriptive Co	mpliance	e [indicate the	building code co	ompliance	package being emp	loyed in this house	design]	
SB-12 Prescriptive (input design package): Package:				Table:				
C. Project Design Co			<u> </u>					
Climatic Zone (SB-1):	Heating Equipment Efficiency			Space Heating				
□ Zone 1 (< 5000 degree days)		□ ≥ 92% AFUE			□ Gas □ Propane			olid Fuel
□ Zone 2 (≥ 5000 degree days)		□ ≥ 84% < 92% AFUE			□ Oil			arth Energy
Ratio of Windows, Skylights	(W, S & G) to Wall Area			Other Building Characteristics				
Area of walls =ft ²					□ Log/Post&Bea	m 🗆 ICF Above	Grade	□ ICF Basement
					□ Slab-on-ground □ Walkout Basement			
					□ Air Conditioning □ Combo Unit			
2	2	Utilize window	averaging: 🗆	Yes □No	□ Air Sourced Heat Pump (ASHP)			
Area of W, S & G =m ² o	Utilize window averaging: □Yes □No			□ Ground Sourced Heat Pump (GSHP)				
D. Building Specifica					ficiency components	proposed]		
Energy Efficiency Subs	titutions							
□ ICF (3.1.1.2.(5) & (6) / 3.1.	1.3.(5) & (6))						
□ Combined space heating a			tina systems ((3.1.1.2.(7) / 3.1.1.3.(7))			
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☐ Airtightness substitution(s)		le 3.1.1.4.B Required: Permitted Substitution:						
Airtightness test required	.1.1.4.b Required			Permitted Substitution:				
Refer to Design Guide Attached)	□ Table 3	le 3.1.1.4.C Required:			Permitted Substitution:			
		Red	quired:	Permitted Substitution:				
Building Component		Minimum RSI / R values or Maximum U-Value ⁽¹⁾		Building Component		Effici	iency Ratings	
Thormal Inculation		Nominal	m U-value Control	Windo	we & Doore Dra		D. rotin a	
Thermal Insulation		Nominal	Ellective	Windows & Doors Provide U-Value ⁽¹⁾ or ER ra			R rating	
Ceiling with Attic Space				Windows/Sliding Glass Doors				
Ceiling without Attic Space				Skylights/Glazed Roofs				
Exposed Floor				Mechanicals				
Walls Above Grade				Heating Equip.(AFUE)				
Basement Walls				HRV Efficiency (SRE% at 0°C)				
Slab (all >600mm below grade)				DHW Heater (EF)		1		
Slab (edge only ≤600mm below grade)				DWHR (CSA B55.1 (min. 42% efficiency))			# Showers	
Slab (all ≤600mm below grade, or heated)				Combined Heating System		+		
			Combined Fleating System					
(1) U value to be provided in eith E. Designer(s) [name(s)	, ,	•	•	/iding infor	mation herein to sub	ostantiate that design	gn meets the	e building code]
Qualified Designer Declarati								,
Name				BCIN	,	Signature		
						2.9		

Guide to the Prescriptive Energy Efficiency Design Summary Form

This form must accurately reflect the information contained on the drawings and specifications being submitted. Refer to Supplementary Standard SB-12 for details about building code compliance requirements. Further information about energy efficiency requirements for new buildings is available from the provincial building code website or the municipal building department.

The building code permits a house designer to use one of four energy efficiency compliance options:

- 1. Comply with the SB-12 Prescriptive design tables (this form is for this option (Option 1)),
- 2. Use the SB-12 Performance compliance method, and model the design against the prescriptive standards,
- 3. Design to Energy Star, or
- 4. Design to R2000 standards.

COMPLETING THE FORM

B. Compliance Options

Indicate the compliance option being used.

• <u>SB-12 Prescriptive</u> requires that the building conforms to a package of thermal insulation, window and mechanical system efficiency requirements set out in Subsection 3.1.1. of SB-12. Energy efficiency design modeling and testing of the building is not required under this option. Certain substitutions are permitted. In which case, the applicable airtightness targets in Table 3.1.1.4.A must be met.

C. Project Design Conditions

Climatic Zone: The number of degree days for Ontario cities is contained in Supplementary Standard SB-1 Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors: If the ratio of the total gross area of windows, sidelights, skylights, glazing in doors and sliding glass doors to the total gross area of walls is more than 17%, higher efficiency glazing is required. If the ratio is more than 22%, the SB-12 Prescriptive option may not be used. The total area is the sum of all the structural rough openings. Some exceptions apply. Refer to 3.1.1.1. of SB-12 for further details. Fuel Source and Heating Equipment Efficiency: The fuel source and efficiency of the proposed heating equipment must be specified in order to determine which SB-12 Prescriptive compliance package table applies. Other Building Conditions: These construction conditions affect SB-12 Prescriptive compliance requirements.

D. Building Specifications

Thermal Insulation: Indicate the RSI or R-value being proposed where they apply to the house design. Under the <u>SB-12 Prescriptive</u> option, alternative ICF wall insulation is permitted in certain conditions where other design elements meet higher standards. Refer to SB-12 for further details. Where effective insulation values are being used, the Authority Having Jurisdiction may require supporting documentation.

BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR AIRTIGHTNESS IN NEW HOUSES

All houses must comply with increased air barrier requirements in the building code. Notice of air barrier completion must be provided and an inspection conducted prior to it being covered.

The air leakage rates in Table 3.1.1.4.A are not requirements. This provision is a voluntary provision for when credits for airtightness are claimed. Credit for air tightness allows the designer to substitute the requirements of compliance packages as set out in Table 3.1.1.4.B or 3.1.1.4.C. Neither the air leakage test nor compliance with airtightness targets given in Table 3.1.1.4.A are required, unless credit for airtightness is claimed. Table 3.1.1.4.A provides airtightness targets in three different metrics; ACH, NLA, NLR. Any one of them can be used. OBC Reference Default Air Leakage Rates (Table 3.1.1.4.A)

Building Type	Airtightness Targets								
	ACH @ 50 Pa	NLA @	2 10 Pa	NLR @ 50 Pa					
Detached dwelling	2.5	1.26 cm ² /m ²	1.81 in ² /100ft ²	0.93 L/s/m ²	0.18 cfm50/ft ²				
Attached dwelling	3.0	2.12 cm ² /m ²	3.06 in ² /100ft ²	1.32 L/s/m ²	0.26 cfm50/ft ²				

The building code requires that a blower door test be conducted to verify the air tightness of the house during construction if the <u>SB-12 Prescriptive</u> option with airtightness credit being applied. Results of the airtightness test may need to be submitted to the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Airtightness of less than 2.5 ACH @ 50 Pa (or NLA or NLR equivalent) in the case of detached houses, or 3.0 ACH @ 50 Pa (or NLA or NLR equivalent) in the case of attached houses is necessary to meet the required energy efficiency standard.

E. House Designer

The building code requires designers providing information about whether a building complies with the building code to have a BCIN. Exemptions apply to architects, engineers and owners designing their own house.